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| APPLICANT:   |                  |
| LAZZARINI et |                  |
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| EXAMINER<br>INITIAL |    | DOCUMENT NUMBER           | DATE         | NAME               | CLASS  | SUB<br>CLASS |     | LING<br>ATE   |
|                     | AA | 6,551,591                 | 04/2003      | Lee                |  | ·<br>        |     |               |
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| EXAMINER<br>INITIAL |    | DOCUMENT NUMBER           | DATE         | COUNTRY            | CLASS  | SUB<br>CLASS | YES | SLATION<br>NO |
|                     | AB | EP 0 592 835              | 04/1994      | Europe             |  |              |     |               |
|                     | AC | JP 59 198982              | 11/1984      | Japan              |  |              |     | x             |

|                                     | <del></del> | OTHER DOCUMENTS (Including Author, Title, Date, Pertinent Pages, etc.)  |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|---|
|                                     | AD          | Database WPI Section Ch, Week 198451, Derwent Publications Ltd., London, GB, Class B04, AN 1984-316058  |
|                                     | AF          | HAYAKAWA, M. et al. "Distribution of antibiotic-producing Microbispora strains in soils with different pHs" ACTINOMYCETES 6(3): 75-79 (1995)                            |
|                                     | AG          | LAZZARINI, A. et al. "Rare genera of actinomycetes as potential producers of new antibiotics" Antonie Van Leeuwenhoek 78(3-4): 399-405 (Dec 2000)                       |
|                                     | АН          | McAULIFFE, O. et al. "Lantibiotics: structure, biosynthesis and mode of action" FEMS MICROBIOLOGY REVIEWS 25(3): 285-308 (May 2001)                                     |
|                                     | Al          | SAHL, H-G. et al. "Lantibiotics: Biosynthesis and Biological Activities of Uniquely Modified Peptides from Gram-Positive Bacteria" ANN. REV. MICROBIOL. 52:41-79 (1998) |
|                                     | AJ          | XU, S-Z et al. "Isolation of the genus Microbispora from soil of China" WEISHENGU XUEBAO 19(3): 255-58 (1979)   |
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12)

## **EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION**

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(5) Int. Cl.<sup>5</sup>: C12P 1/04, C07G-11/00, C12N 1/20, // (C12N1/20, C12R1:01), (C12P1/04, C12R1:01)

The microorganism(s) has (have) been deposited with American Type Culture Collection under number(s) ATCC 55327.

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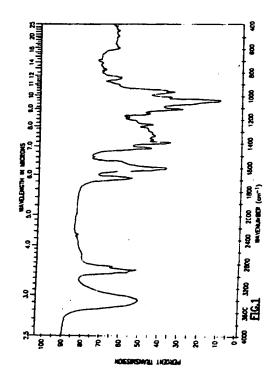
(1) Applicant: Bristol-Myers Squibb Company 345 Park Avenue New York, N.Y. 10154 (US) (72) Inventor : Nishio, Maki 2-10-2, Nishikamata Ohta-ku, Tokyo (JP) Inventor : Nihel, Yoshimi Mezon-Entopia A-202, 356-1, Ilzuka-cho Takasaki, Gunma 370 (JP)

Inventor: Suzuki, Kiyoshi 3265 Noborito, Tama-ku Kawasaki, Kanagawa (JP) Inventor: Hanada, Minoru 7-7-8, Nishiogotanda Shinagawa-ku, Tokyo (JP)

(74) Representative : Josif, Albert, Dr.-ing. et al Basderstrasse 3 D-80469 München (DE)

(34) BU-4803T Antibiotics.

(5) The present invention relates to antitumor antibiotics designated as BU-4803T A<sub>1</sub>, A<sub>2</sub>, B, C<sub>1</sub>, C<sub>2</sub> and D. BU-4803T A<sub>1</sub>, A<sub>2</sub> and B are produced by fermentation of Microbispora strain AA9988 which has been deposited with the American Type Culture Collection under the accession number ATCC 55327.



EP 0 592 835 A2

Jouve, 18, rue Saint-Denis, 75001 PARIS

### (9) 日本国特許庁 (JP)

①特許出順公開

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| 6pInt. Cl. <sup>3</sup> ,<br>C 12 P 1/06 | 識別記号 | 庁内整理書号<br>6760—4 B | ●公開 昭和59年(1984)11月10日 |
|--|------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| C 07 G 11/00<br># A 61 K 35/74           | ADZ  | 6956—4H<br>7138—4C | 発明の数 2<br>審査請求 未請求    |
| (C 12 P 1/06<br>C 12 R 1/01)             |      |                    | (全10頁)                |

#### 分新抗生物質SF-2240物質およびその製造法

-16

**②特** B2358 - 73886

丹羽宮造

会田 昭58(1983) 4 月28日 大場和則

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伊勢原市高森1598の5

伊藤辰男

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⑫兒 明 者 庄村香

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横浜市鶴見区駒岡町203

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者 岡野一男

前橋市南町 2-40-21

**19**代 理 人 弁理士 久保田藤郎

者 海崎正次

#### 1. 発明の名称

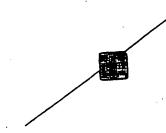
新抗生物質 SP-2240 物質およびその製政法

## 2 特許請求の範囲

1) 下配の特性を有する新抗生物質 SP-2240 物質およびその酸付加塩。

元素組成として重量比で炭素 5 3.1 3 % , 水金 6.1 5 5 , 宿業 1 6.2 6 5 , 酸素 2 4.7 5 多を含 →、質量分析(PD-MS)から分子量は591で、 分子式は CzaHzzNzOa であり、水器蔵中での紫外器 吸収スペクトルは第1型に示すように243 nm , 2 4 9 nm , 2 6 0 mm ( ) 3 0 3 nm 化每大板 収を有し、第2回に示すようなお外部吸収スペク トルを示し、外盤は白色物束であり、水、メタノ ール,エタノール氏可靠で。ペンゼン,酢酸エチ , ヘキサン等の有機搭牒に舞踏であり、 シリカ グル背景クロマトグラムのRf 値は振動容能n -プロパノールーピリジン-麻像-水(15:10: 3:12)で0.75であり、n-プタノール。

ノール・水(4:1:2)で 0.1 9 を示し、レ ミユー・健康,ニンヒドリン,ダレイターリーパ マッ 貫楽は 降性、 坂口 反応は 陰性 であり、 水器 家 中での比美光度が( α) ff =+1 6.3°( C 1 。 6.0 )であり、 ≥ 6.4 ピリジン - 酢酸氢酶液を用 以 た高電圧評紙電気旅輸( 3 0 0 0 V , 1 5 分間) は鉄瓶貨に 5.2 四水敷し、その Rm (リジン)は 0.5 3 で、塩茶性の物質であり、第 3 国で実質的 に代表される水素装装業気共鳴吸収スペクトルを 有し、第4因で実質的に代表される炭素被装盛気 共鳴吸収スペクトルを有し、安定性は中性からて ルカ 9 性にかけて比較的安定であるが、酸性で不



(C) WPI / DERWENT

AM - 1984-316058 [51]

AP - JP19830073886 19830428

CPY - MEIJ

DC - B04 D16

PS - CPI

IC - A61K35/74 ; C07G11/00 ; C12P1/06

MC - B02-Z D05-C02

M1 - [01] M421 M710 M903 M132 P220 V001

PA - (MEIJ ) MEIJI SEIKA KAISHA

PM - JP59198982 A 19841110 DW198451 010pp

PR - JP19830073886 19830428

XA - C1984-134892

XIC - A61K-035/74 ; C07G-011/00 ; C12P-001/06

AB - J59198982 Antibiotic SF-2240 having following physicochemical properties is new. (1) Appearance: white amorphous powder. (2) M.pt. 104-108 deg.C. (3) Elemental analysis: c 53.13%, H 6.15%, H 16.26%, O 24.75%. (4) UV spectrum, (in water): lambda-max 243 nm (E1%,1cm-199), 249 (202), 260 (shoulder), 303 (76). (5) given IR spectrum. (6) Mol. Wt. 591. (7) Mol. formula C26H37H7O9. (8) given 1H-HHR spectrum. (9) given 13C-MMR. (10) alphaD20 = +16.3 deg. (c 1, water). (11) Solubility: soluble in water, lower alcohols; sparingly soluble in EtOAc, benzene, hexane. (12) Colour reaction: positive to Lemieux reaction, H2SO4, ninhydrin; negative to Sakaguchi reagent. (13) TLC on silica gel (Merck: F254): Rf 0.75 (n-PrOH/pyridine/AcOH/water = 15:10:12), 0.19 (n-BuOH/MeOH/water = 4:1:2), 0.29 (n-BuOH/AcOH/water = 2:1:1); on cellulose (Merck: F254): Rf 0.55 (n-BuOH/MeOH/water = 4:1:2), 0.65 (i-PrOH/BuOH/water = 7:7:6). (14) High voltage paper electrophoresis: Rm (lysine) = 0.53 (pyridine/AcOH buffer, pH 6.4, 3000V, 15 mins.). (15) Amino acid analysis by acid hydrolysis (6M-BCl at 110 deg.C for 18 hrs.): serine and glycine were recognised. (16) Stability: unstable in acidic media but relatively stable in neutral or alkaline media.

- USE/ADVANTAGE SY-2240 has weak antimicrobial actions against gram positive and negative bacteria. Acute toxicity in mice: all of 4 mice tested were alive at 200 mg/kg (i.v.).(0/0)
- IN ANTIBIOTIC PREPARATION MICROBISPORA STRAIN WEAK ANTIBICROBIAL ACTIVE GRAN POSITIVE NEGATIVE BACTERIA
- IKW ANTIBIOTIC PREPARATION NICROBISPORA STRAIN WEAK ANTINICROBIAL ACTIVE GRAM POSITIVE HEGATIVE BACTERIA

MC - 001

OPD - 1983-04-28

ORD - 1984-11-10

PAN - (MRIJ ) MRIJI SETRA RAISHA

TI - Antibiotic 5F-2240 prepd. from Microbispora strain - having weak antimicrobial activity against Gram positive and negative bacteria Actinomycetes, 1995



#### DISTRIBUTION OF ANTIBIOTIC-PRODUCING MICROBISPORA

## STRAINS IN SOILS WITH DIFFERENT pHs

M. HAYAKAWA, K. ISHIZAWA, T. YAMAZAKI and H. NONOMURA

DepT of Applied Chemistry and Biotechnology, Yamanashi University, Takeda-4, Kofu 400, Japan

ABSTRACT. A total of 439 cultures of Microbispora spp., freshly isolated from 117 different soil samples, were investigated for their antimicrobial activity using a humic acid-containing medium. Eighty-seven (20%) isolates were active against Staphylococcus aureus and only 12 (3%) against Aspergillus niger. The incidence of antihiotic producers increased with soil pH.

Species of the genus Microbispora produce longitudinal pairs of spores on the aerial mycelium (Nonomura and Ohara, 1957). Although microbisporae represent only a minor component of the actinomycete population in soil (Hayakawa et al., 1988), it has been suggested that they may play a significant role in the breakdown of the recalcitrant organic polymers, such as cellulose and xylan (Waldron et al., 1986; Ball and Mc Carthy, 1988). Microbisporae have also been recognised as a source of antibiotics and other bioactive compounds, such as phenazines (Gerber and Lechevalier, 1964; Tanabe et al. 1995), the antifungal antibiotic Sch 31828 (Patel et al., 1988), cochinmicins (Lam et al., 1992), and angelmicins (Uehara et al., 1993).

In the search for new antibiotics, the probability of isolating novel producers is enhanced by screening substrates harbouring a rich flora of antagonistically active organisms (Kutzner, 1989). A number of researchers have pointed out a possible correlation between occurrence of antagonistic actinomycetes and nature of the isolation soil. Rouatt et al. (1951) found a greater percentage of active streptomycetes in the rhizosphere than in the surrounding soil. According

to Khan and Williams (1975) antifungal activity was predominant among acidophilic streptomycetes common in acid soils. On the other hand, acidoduric streptomycetes inhabiting forest soils showed greater activity than neutrophiles against Gram-negative bacteria (Nkanga and Hagedorn, 1978).

Recently numerous cultures of nonstreptomycetes, such as maduromycetes and actinoplanetes, have been isolated from soils and screened for new bioactive compounds (Okami and Hotta, 1988). Little attention however has been paid to the effect of soil types on the occurrence of antagonistic non-streptomycetes. The present paper describes the results of an investigation on the occurrence of antibiotic-producing microhisporae from Japanese soils charactorised by different pHs.

#### MATERIALS and METHODS

Soil samples. A total of 117 soil samples, mainly from cultivated fields, were collected in different locations in Japan. Samples were sieved (2mm mesh) and air-dried at room temperature for 7dd. Bacterial counts were carried out by dilution plate methods (Nonomura and

# #

# LE WALL (VEINE) Blads.

## Rare genera of actinomycetes as potential producers of new antibiotics

Ameriga Lazzarini\*, Linda Cavaletti, Giorgio Toppo & Flavia Marinelli Biosearch Italia S.p.A, Via R. Lepetit 34, 21040 Gerenzano Varese, Italy (\*Author for correspondence)

Key words: actinomycetes, antibiotics, microbial product database, strain isolation, Streptosporangiaceae

#### Abstract

A literature survey covering more than twenty-three thousand bioactive microbial products including eight thousand antiinfectives demonstrated the increasing relevance of the so called 'rare' actinomycetes as a source of new antibiotics. Past and present efforts in the isolation of rare actinomycetes have enriched the Biosearch Italia Strain Collection with more than twenty thousand strains, showing that, when selective isolation methods are developed and extensively applied, some genera, such as Actinomadura, Actinoplanes, Micromonospora, Microtetraspora, are not rare at all and can be recovered from many soil samples. The current focus is on the isolation of members of Streptosporangiaceae family, given their promising chemical diversity.

#### Introduction

The discovery of new molecules from actinomycetes has marked an epoch in antibiotic research and subsequent developments in antibiotic chemotherapy. Since the discovery of streptomycin, a large number of antibiotics, including major therapeutic agents such as amino glycosides, chloramphenicol, tetracyclines, macrolides and more recently  $\beta$ -lactam cephamycin group, have been isolated from cultures of Streptomyces and Streptoverticillium (Atlas of Actinomycetes, The Society for Actinomycetes, Japan 1997). As more new antibiotics were discovered, the chances of finding novel antimicrobial leads among conventional actinomycetes dwindled. The focus of industrial screening has therefore moved to markers of less exploited genera of rare actinomycetes such as Actinomadura, Actinoplanes, Amycolatopsis, Dactylosporangium, Kibdelosporangium, Microbispora, Micromonospora, Planobispora Streptosporangium and Planomonospora.

Several approaches have been used to drive industrial isolation programs towards the so called 'rare' actinomycetes. The development and massive application of genus-oriented selective isolation methods, mainly applied by industrial researchers, has given a significant impetus to the discovery of new microbial products of medical importance. Furthermore, this approach also helps to answer the question: are these

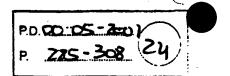
less exploited actinomycetes less abundant in the environment or are they just more difficult to isolate and cultivate? In this paper, a survey of the microbial product literature and the role of the so called 'rare' genera of actinomycetes in the discovery of new bioactive molecules is reported. These data support and direct our efforts to improve the quality and variety of the Biosearch Italia S.p.A Microbial Collection. Some of our isolation approaches are thereby presented.

#### The Antibiotic Literature Database

This paper summarizes and reviews literature data obtained by querying the Biosearch Italia database, which is called the Antibiotic Literature Database (ABL). The ABL is a proprietary database designed to provide information about microbial products discovered from 1900 onwards. Data obtained from scientific journals and patent applications are entered into the ABL according to standard criteria. The database is continuously updated with information on novel compounds or additional data concerning molecules previously described. More than twenty-three thousand microbial products from bacteria and fungi are currently covered.

The ABL contains: names and synonyms, discovery institutions, natural sources, physico-chemical characteristics, biological data and molecular struc-







FEMS Microbiology Reviews 25 (2001) 285-308

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## Lantibiotics: structure, biosynthesis and mode of action

Olivia McAuliffe a,b,1, R. Paul Ross c, Colin Hill a,b,+

Department of Microbiology, University College Cork, Cork, Ireland
 National Food Biotechnology Centre, University College Cork, Cork, Ireland
 Department of Dairy Quality, Teagase, Moorepark, Fermoy, Co. Cork, Cork, Ireland

Received 14 July 2000; received in revised form 29 November 2000; accepted 5 December 2000

#### Abstract

The lambiotics are a group of ribosomally synthesised, post-translationally modified peptides containing unusual amino acids, such as dehydrated and lambionine residues. This group of bacteriocins has attracted much attention in recent years due to the success of the well characterised lantibiotic, nisin, as a food preservative. Numerous other lantibiotics have since been identified and can be divided into two groups on the basis of their structures, designated type-A and type-B. To date, many of these lantibiotics have undergone extensive characterisation resulting in an advanced understanding of them at both the structural and mechanistic level. This review outlines some of the more recent developments in the biochemistry, genetics and mechanism of action of these peptides. © 2001 Federation of European Microbiological Societies. Published by Elsevier Science B.V. All rights reserved.

Keywords: Bacteriocin; Lantibiotic; Nisin; Lacticin 3147; Mode of action

#### Contents

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#### 1. Introduction

Bacteriocins are one of a number of antimicrobial substances produced by lactic acid bacteria (LAB), including

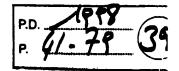
Corresponding author. Tel.: +353 (21) 4902397;
 Fax: +353 (21) 4903101; E-mail: c.hill@ucc.ie

organic acids, hydrogen peroxide, diacetyl and inhibitory enzymes [1,2]. The LAB have been used for centuries in the fermentation of food, not only for flavour and texture, but also due to the ability of starter-derived inhibitors to prevent the growth of spoilage and pathogenic microorganisms [3,4]. The prototype LAB bacteriocin, nisin, was first discovered in 1928, when Rogers [5] observed metabolites of Streptococcus lactis (now reclassified as Lactococcus lactis) which were inhibitory to other LAB. The commercial application of nisin in the preservation of a

0168-6445/01/\$20.00 © 2001 Federation of European Microbiological Societies. Published by Elsevier Science B.V. All rights reserved. PII: S0168-6445(00)00065-6

Present address: Department of Food Science, North Carolina State University, Raleigh, NC 27609, USA.

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## XP-001098220

## LANTIBIOTICS: Biosynthesis and Biological Activities of Uniquely Modified Peptides from Gram-Positive Bacteria

Hans-Georg Sahl and Gabriele Bierbaum
Institut für Medizinische Mikrobiologie und Immunologie, Universität Bonn, D-53105
Bonn, Germany; e-mail: sahl@mibi03.meh.uni-bonn.de,
gabi@mibi03.meh.uni-bonn.de

KBY WORDS: antibiotic peptides, nisin, mersacidin, lantibiotic biosynthesis, peptide modifying enzymes

#### ABSTRACT

A plethora of novel gene-encoded antimicrobial peptides from animals, plants and bacteria has been described during the last decade. Many of the bacterial peptides possess modified building blocks such as thioethers and thiazoles or unsaturated and stereoisverted amino acids, which are unique among ribosomally made peptides. Genetic and biochemical studies of many of these peptides, mostly the so-called lantibiotics, have revealed the degree to which cells are capable of transforming peptides by posttranslational modification. The biosynthesis follows a general scheme: Precursor peptides are first modified and then proteolytically activated; the latter may occur prior to, concomitantly with or after export from the cell. The genes for the biosynthetic machinery are organized in clusters and include information for the antibiotic prepeptide, the modification enzymes and accessory functions such as dedicated proteases and ABC transporters as well as immunity factors and regulatory proteins. These fundamental aspects are discussed along with the biotechnological potential of the peptides and of the biosynthesis enzymes, which could be used for construction of novel, peptide-based biomedical effector molecules.

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# ISOLATION OF THE GENUS MICROBISPORA FROM SOIL OF CHINA

Xu Shang-zhi Hu Run-mao Xu Min-quan Chen Xiao-qing
(New Antibiotics Research Laboratory Sichuan Institute of Antibiotic Industry Chengda)

Lu Yuan-xu Wang Bo-zhao
(Laboratory of Electron Microscope, Sichuan
Medical College, Chengda)

In the screening of new antibiotics, more than 300 strains of *Microbispora* were isolated from the soil samples collected from the south and southwest China and 200 strains of them were studied. An attempt was made to classify

these organisms into 8 groups according to their cultural characteristics, namely, Albus, Alboviolaceus, Roseus, Roseoruber, Roseoflavus, Violaceus, Chromogenes and Flavus. Some of the isolates possess antibacterial activities.



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Europäisches Patentamt

Zweigstelle in Den Haag Recherchenabteilung European Patent Office

Branch at The Hague Search division Office européen des brevets

Département à La Haye Division de la recherche

Sgarbi, Renato
Ing. A. Giambrocono & C. S.r.l.
Via Rosolino Pilo 19/B
20129 Milano
ITALIE

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| Zeichen/Ref./Ref.<br>G68932/RS/sgh  | Anmeldung Nr/Application No/Demande n°/Patent Nr./Patent No/Brevet n°. 03016306.7-2405- |
| Anmelder/Applicant/Demandeur/Patentinhaber/Proprietor/Titulaire<br>Vicuron Pharmaceuticals, Inc | C.  |

## COMMUNICATION

| The European Patent Office herewith above-mentioned European patent ap | transmits as an enclosure the European search report for the oplication. |
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| If applicable, copies of the documents                                 | cited in the European search report are attached.                        |
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| The following specifications given by the                              | he applicant have been approved by the Search Division:                  |
| Abstract   | X title  |
| The abstract was modified by the communication.                        | Search Division and the definitive text is attached to this              |
| The following figure will be published to                              | ogether with the abstract. 4   |

## **REFUND OF THE SEARCH FEE**

If applicable under Article 10 Rules relating to fees, a separate communication from the Receiving Section on the refund of the search fee will be sent later.





## **EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT**



EP 03 01 6306

|         | Citation of document with in  | idication, where appropriate,                     | Relevant           | CLASSIFICATION OF THE  |
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| ategory | of relevant pass  |   | to claim           | APPLICATION (Int.Cl.7) |
|         | US 6 551 591 B1 (LE   | E MAY D)  | 1-21               | C07K14/195             |
|         | 22 April 2003 (2003   | -04-22)   |                    | C07K2/00               |
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|         |   | IBB BRISTOL MYERS CO)                             | 1-21               | A61K38/02<br>A61P31/04 |
|         | 20 April 1994 (1994   |   |                    | A23K1/17               |
|         | * the whole documen   |   |                    | //(C12P1/06,           |
| ,       | HAYAKAWA M ET AL:   | "Distribution of                                  | 1-21               | C12R1:01)              |
|         |   | g Microbispora strains                            |                    |                        |
|         | in soils with diffe   |   |                    |                        |
|         | ACTINOMYCETES,  |   | -                  |                        |
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|         | * abstract *  |   |                    |                        |
| Y       | XU S-Z ET AL: "Iso  | lation of the genus                               | 1-21               |                        |
|         | Microbispora from s   | oil of China"                                     |                    |                        |
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|         | * abstract *  | •   |                    |                        |
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|         | Place of search   | Date of completion of the search                  |                    | Examiner  do Kamp M    |
|         | THE HAGUE   | 23 December 2003                                  |                    | de Kamp, M             |
| C       | ATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS  | T : theory or principle<br>E : earlier patent doo | cument, but public |                        |
|         | ticularly relevant if taken alone<br>ticularly relevant if combined with anot | after the filing dat                              | 0                  |                        |
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|         | hnological background<br>n-written disclosure                                 | & : member of the sa                              |                    | corresponding          |



#### **EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT**



| ),A                            | 10 November 1984 (1<br>* abstract *  MCAULIFFE O ET AL:<br>Structure, biosynth<br>action* FEMS MICROBIOLOGY R<br>vol. 25, no. 3, May<br>285-308, XP00220934<br>ISSN: 0168-6445 | s Ltd., London, GB; 316058  MEIJI SEIKA KAISHA), 984-11-10)  "Lantibiotics: sesis and mode of REVIEWS, 2001 (2001-05), pages |   |                         |                     |
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|                                | Structure, biosynth<br>action"<br>FEMS MICROBIOLOGY R<br>vol. 25, no. 3, May<br>285-308, XP00220934<br>ISSN: 0168-6445   | esis and mode of<br>EVIEWS,<br>2001 (2001-05), pages   |   |                         |                     |
| D,A                            | * the whole documen  | •  |   |                         |                     |
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|                                | biosynthesis and bi  | ological activities of   |   |                         |                     |
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|                                | The present search report has  | hage drawn up for all claims   |   |                         |                     |
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|                                | THE HAGUE  | 23 December 2003   | van   | de Kamp, M              | 1                   |
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| X : parti<br>Y : parti<br>docu | ATECUMY OF CITED ECCOMENTS<br>icularly relevant if taken alone<br>icularly relevant if combined with anol<br>ument of the same category<br>inological background               | E : earlier palent doc<br>after the filing distr   | ument, but public<br>the application<br>r other reasons |                         |                     |



Demande no:

on No.: 03 016 306.7

This application is covered by the extended European search report pilot project at present running within the European Patent Office, applied to all European patent applications filed as first filing and searched on or after 01.07.03. Under this project the EPO issues together with the search report an opinion on whether the application and the invention to which it relates meet the requirements of the EPC. This non-binding opinion is issued free of charge as a service. This opinion may be used as the basis for an informed decision as to whether it is desired to pursue the application further or not.

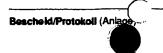
For further details of this pilot project, the applicant's attention is directed to the Official Journal edition 5/2003. If any further immediate questions or comments arise the EPO Customer Services: +31-70-340 4500 or +49-89-2399 2828 can be contacted.

The attached opinion reveals that the application or the invention to which it relates appear not to meet the requirements of the Convention (see comments on enclosed Form 2906).

If the applicant wishes to continue with this application the examination fee must be paid. Where appropriate amendments can be filed to address the objections raised in the opinion. thus shortening the overall procedure. If no amendments are filed, the opinion will be reissued as the first official communication under Article 96(2) and Rule 51(2) EPC.

If the examination fee has already been paid and the right to the communication under Article 96(1) EPC has been waived for this application, the first official communication under Article 96(2) and Rule 51(2) EPC will be issued promptly.





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Application No.: 03 016 306.7

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The examination is being carried out on the following application documents:

**Text for the Contracting States:** 

AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR HU IE IT LU MC NL PT RO SE SI SK TR LI

#### Description, pages:

1-40

as originally filed

Claims, No.:

1-21

as originally filed

Drawings, sheets:

1/14-14/14

as originally filed

#### 1 Documents

The following document is referred to in this communication; the numbering will be adhered to in the rest of the procedure:

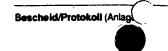
D1: US-B1-6 551 591 (LEE MAY D) 22 April 2003.

D2: EP-A-0 592 835 (SQUIBB BRISTOL MYERS CO) 20 April 1994

D3: HAYAKAWA M ET AL: 'Distribution of antibiotic-producing Microbispora strains in soils with different pHs', ACTINOMYCETES, vol. 6, no. 3, 1995, pages 75-79

D4: XU S-Z ET AL: 'Isolation of the genus Microbispora from soil of China', WEISHENGWU XUEBAO, vol. 19, no. 3, 1979, pages 255-258

D5: LAZZARINI A ET AL: 'Rare genera of actinomycetes as potential producers of new antibiotics.' ANTONIE VAN LEEUWENHOEK, vol. 78, no. 3-4, December 2000, pages 399-405



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## 2 Article 54 EPC - Novelty

## 2.1 Objection to novelty - claims 1-3

The present application does not meet the requirements of Art. 52(1) EPC, because the subject-matter of independent claims 1-3 is not new in the sense of Art. 54(1) and (2) EPC.

**D1** discloses lanthionine- and dehydro-residue-containing antibiotics isolated from a *Microbispora sp.* strain, *Microbispora corallino*, arbitrarily denominated MF-BA-1768 (alpha1 and beta1), characterised by physical parameters (molecular weight deduced from mass spectrum, UV spectrum, IR spectrum, <sup>13</sup>C-NMR spectrum). The parameter values given for antibiotic 107891 and its components (factors A1 and A2) resemble those disclosed for MF-BA-1768 (alpha1 and beta1), and appear indiscriminately identical given the differences in recording conditions and spectral resolution. Hence, in the absence of further proof for the fact that antibiotic 107891 and/or its factors A1 and A2 is/are distinguishable from antibiotic MF-BA-1768 and/or its factors alpha1 and beta1, it is assumed that antibiotic 107891 and/or its factors A1 and A2 is/are identical with antibiotic MF-BA-1768 and/or its factors A1 and A2 is/are identical with antibiotic MF-BA-1768 and/or its factors alpha1 and beta1 as disclosed in **D1**.

#### 2.2 Objection to novelty - claims 4-20

The same reasoning as given under 2.1 is extended to the subject-matter of claims 4-20, the fact that 107891 is indiscriminately identical with MF-BA-1768 rendering the subject matter of claims 4-20 not novel, since D1 also discloses a process for producing the antibiotic(s) disclosed in it, the process parameters of said process as claimed in current claims 4-15 being disclosed in D1, and since D1 further discloses pharmaceutical applications of the antibiotic(s) disclosed in it, falling within the terms of current claims 16-20.

## 2.3 Objection to novelty - claim 21

In the absence of proof for the contrary, antibiotic 107891-producing *Microbispora* sp. ATCC PTA-5024, as claimed in claim 21, is assumed to be identical with or a variant or mutant of the MF-BA-1768-producing *Microbispora* strain disclosed in D1. The *Microbispora* sp. disclosed in D1 is therefore considered to fall within the terms of claim 21.



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2.4 Thus, claims 1-21 lack novelty, contrary to Art. 54(1) EPC.

## 3 Article 56 EPC - Inventive Step

## 3.1 Objection to inventivity

Even if novel subject-matter could be established, the present application does not meet the requirements of Art. 52(1) EPC because the subject-matter of claims 1-21 does not involve an inventive step in the sense of Art. 56 EPC.

- (a) **D1** and **D2** are independently considered to represent the most relevant state of the art with respect to the inventivity of **claims 1-21**. **D1** and **D2** disclose antibiotics isolated from a *Microbispora sp.* strain, methods of isolation and purification, methods of use, and the producing strains.
- (b) The subject-matter of **claims 1-21** differs primarily from **D1** in that a purportedly novel antibiotic and producing strain is claimed, and from **D2** that a distinctly novel antibiotic and producing strain is claimed.
- (c) The problem to be solved by the present application may therefore primarily be regarded as providing a further antibiotic, as well as a further producing strain.
- (d) The solution as proposed is the antibiotic 107891 as claimed in **claims 1-3**, as well as methods of isolation and purification from a *Microbispora sp.* strain, methods of use, and the producing strain, according to **claims 4-21**.
- (e) This solution cannot however be considered as involving an inventive step for the following reason:
- D3-5 independently disclose that *Microbispora spp.* strains are well-known producers of antibiotics. The person skilled in the art will therefore seriously consider, in order to solve the problem, to further screen *Microbispora spp.* strains in order to isolate a further antibiotic from them, using appropriate isolation,



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purification, and characterisation methods falling within the knowledge and ability of the skilled person. In the absence of any special technical effect, the antibiotic 107891 as well as methods for its isolation, purification, characterisation, and use, as well as its producing strain, therefore represent a mere selection from a known reservoir which the skilled person will explore in order to solve the problem posed, thereby rendering the solution non-inventive.

Thus, claims 1-21 lack inventivity, contrary to Art. 56 EPC

## Concluding matters

#### 4.1 Request for new claims

It is not at present apparent which part of the application could serve as a basis for a new, allowable claim. Should the applicant nevertheless regard some particular matter as patentable, an independent claim should be filed taking account of Rule 29(1) EPC. Any amendments should comply with Art. 123(2) EPC. The applicant should also indicate in the letter of reply the difference of the subject-matter of the new claim vis-à-vis the state of the art, particularly D1, and the significance thereof.

### 4.2 Identification of amendments

In order to facilitate the examination of the conformity of the amended application with the requirements of Art. 123(2) EPC, the applicant is requested to clearly identify the amendments carried out, irrespective of whether they concern amendments by addition, replacement or deletion, and to indicate the passages of the application as filed on which these amendments are based. If the applicant regards it as appropriate these indications could be submitted in

handwritten form on a copy of the relevant parts of the application as filed.

## 4.3 New information

Any information the applicant may wish to submit concerning the subject-matter of the invention, for example further details of its advantages or of the problem it solves, and for which there is no basis in the application as filed, should be



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Communication/Minutes (Annex)

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confined to the letter of reply and not be incorporated into the application (Art. 123(2) EPC and Guidelines, C-VI, 5.7 et seq.).

Mart van de Kamp





This annex lists the patent family members relating to the patent documents cited in the above-mentioned European search report. The members are as contained in the European Patent Office EDP file on

The European Patent Office is in no way liable for these particulars which are merely given for the purpose of information.

23-12-2003

| Publicatio<br>date                               | ni <b>ly</b><br>S) | Patent fam<br>member(s                   |                      | Publication date          |    | Patent document<br>cited in search repo |    |
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| <del></del>                                      |                    |  | NONE                 | 22-04-2003                | B1 | 6551591                                 | US |
| 31-03-199<br>24-03-199<br>20-04-199<br>02-08-199 | A1<br>A2           | 4746593<br>2106446<br>0592835<br>6211615 | AU<br>CA<br>EP<br>JP | 20-04-1994                | A  | 0592835                                 | EP |
|  |                    |  | NONE                 | 10-11-1984                | A  | 59198982                                | JP |
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# P ENT COOPERATION TREATY





## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

(PCT Article 18 and Rules 43 and 44)

| Applicant's or agent's file reference  | FOR FURTHER   | see Form PCT/ISA/220   |
|--|---|--|
| G69277/RS/sgh  | ACTION as w   | vell as, where applicable, item 5 below.   |
| International application No.  | International filing date (day/month/year)  | (Earliest) Priority Date (day/month/year)  |
| PCT/EP2004/007658  | 12/07/2004  | 18/07/2003   |
| Applicant  |   |  |
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| VICURON PHARMACEUTICALS  | INC.  |  |
| This International Search Report has be according to Article 18. A copy is being | en prepared by this International Searching A transmitted to the International Bureau.              | uthority and is transmitted to the applicant   |
| This International Search Report consist   | ts of a total of sheets.  |  |
|  | by a copy of each prior art document cited in the   | nis report.  |
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|  | e international search was carried out on the b   | pasis of the international application in the  |
| ianguage in which it was filed, u  | nless otherwise indicated under this item.  |  |
| The internationa this Authority (R   |   | nstation of the international application furnished to   |
| b. X With regard to any nucle  | eotide and/or amino acid sequence disclose  | ed in the international application, see Box No. I.  |
| 2. Certain claims were fo  | und unsearchable (See Box II).  |  |
| 3. Unity of invention is la  | cking (see Box III).  | •  |
| 4. With regard to the title,   |   | •  |
|  | submitted by the applicant.   |  |
|  | shed by this Authority to read as follows:  |  |
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| X the text is approved as su   | ubmitted by the applicant.  | ·  |
|  | shed, according to Rule 38.2(b), by this Author<br>om the date of mailing of this international sea | rity as it appears in Box No. IV. The applicant<br>irch report, submit comments to this Authority. |
| 6. With regards to the drawings,   | ·   |  |
| a. the figure of the drawings to be p  | published with the abstract is Figure No1B  | <u> </u>   |
| as suggested by  | he applicant.   | ļ  |
| as selected by thi   | s Authority, because the applicant failed to su   | ggest a figure.  |
| as selected by thi   | s Authority, because this figure better characte  | erizes the invention.  |
| b. none of the figures is to be  | e published with the abstract.  |  |

| Вох | No. I      | Nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence(s) (Continuation of item 1.b of the first sheet)  |
|-----|------------|---|
| 1.  | With       | regard to any nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application and necessary to the claimed tion, the international search was carried out on the basis of:   |
|     | a.         | type of material  X a sequence listing table(s) related to the sequence listing   |
|     | b.         | format of material  X in written format  X in computer readable form  |
|     | <b>c</b> . | time of filing/furnishing  X contained in the international application as filed  X filed together with the international application in computer readable form furnished subsequently to this Authority for the purpose of search  |
| 2.  |            | In addition, in the case that more than one version or copy of a sequence listing and/or table relating thereto has been filed or furnished, the required statements that the information in the subsequent or additional copies is identical to that in the application as filed or does not go beyond the application as filed, as appropriate, were furnished. |
| 3.  | Addit      | tional comments:  |
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## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

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A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MAT IPC 7 C07K14/195 C07K2/00 A61P31/04 A23K1/17

C07K4/04

C12P1/06

A61k38/02

//(C12P1/06,C12R1:01)
According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

#### B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) IPC 7 C07K C12P C12R A61K A23K

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

EPO-Internal, WPI Data, PAJ, MEDLINE, BIOSIS, EMBASE, FSTA, CHEM ABS Data

|            | ENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT  | Balanca Andrews Alexander |
|------------|---|---------------------------|
| Category ° | Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages  | Relevant to claim No.     |
| A          | US 6 551 591 B1 (LEE MAY D) 22 April 2003 (2003-04-22) the whole document   | 1-23                      |
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| A          | HAYAKAWA M ET AL: "Distribution of antibiotic-producing Microbispora strains in soils with different pHs" ACTINOMYCETES, vol. 6, no. 3, 1995, pages 75-79, XP008025139 abstract | 1-23                      |
|            | -/  |                           |
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| X Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.  | Patent family members are listed in annex.  |
| Special categories of cited documents:  'A' document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance  'E' earlier document but published on or after the international filing date  'L' document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)  'O' document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means  'P' document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed | "T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention  "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone  "Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.  "8" document member of the same patent family |
| Date of the actual completion of the international search   | Date of mailing of the international search report  |
| 9 September 2004  | 16/09/2004  |
| Name and mailing address of the ISA  European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentiaan 2  NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk  Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl, Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016   | Authorized officer  van de Kamp, M  |

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## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

PCT/EP2014-007658

|            | ation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDER TO BE RELEVANT  | Relevant to claim No. |
|------------|---|-----------------------|
| Category * | Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages  |                       |
| A          | XU S-Z ET AL: "Isolation of the genus<br>Microbispora from soil of China"<br>WEISHENGWU XUEBAO,<br>vol. 19, no. 3, 1979, pages 255-258,<br>XP008025262<br>ISSN: 0001-6209<br>abstract   | 1-23                  |
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